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Measuring template BILLY Kids

Important: shoe for an orthosis? Then measure WITH the orthosis

If the shoe is worn over an orthosis (AFO / DAFO / insole), measure the orthosis, not the foot:
Put on the orthosis with a sock, heel of the footplate against the wall, mark the front end of the footplate (see point 7).

1 Print correctly

In the print dialogue choose "Actual size" or "100 %" – not "Fit to page".
Then check with the card and the 10 cm bar below. If they do not match, every measurement will be wrong.

2 Prepare the template

Cut exactly along the dashed line below the heel cup.
Place the cut edge flush against a wall, with the sheet on a hard floor (no carpet).

3 Measure standing up

Put your heel against the wall, weight on both feet – when standing, the foot is up to 5 mm longer.
If you cannot stand safely: sit, knee straight above the foot, press gently on the knee.
Measure wearing the socks you will wear in the shoe. Best measured in the afternoon.

4 Mark the longest toe

Hold the pen upright and mark in front of the longest toe – it is not always the big toe.
Toes must not be curled: stroke briefly over the top of the foot, then mark.

5 Both feet – use the longer one

Measure both feet. The longer foot always counts.

6 Read off the size

If the mark is inside a field, that is the size. If it is exactly on a line: take the next larger field.
Do not add any allowance – the values are foot lengths, the allowance is already included in the shoe.
Yellow stripe: individual BILLY models differ by up to 1 cm here. Please check the size chart
of the model (movinea.com/pages/groessentabellen) or send us the length in mm.

7 With an orthosis (AFO / DAFO / insole)

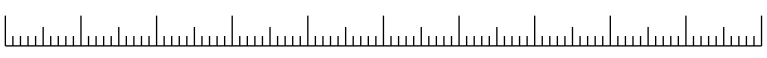
Measure the orthosis, not the foot: footplate of the orthosis against the wall, mark the front end.
Measure the girth over the ball and ankle with the orthosis using the MOVINEA tape measure.

Tips for parents

Small children wriggle: measure with two people – one holds, one marks. Measure two or three times.
Children’s feet grow fast: re-measure toddlers every 2–3 months.

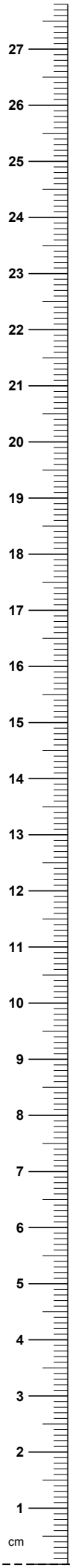
Print check

A bank or health insurance card
must fit exactly into this frame.
If not: print again at "Actual size"
or 100 %.



EU 41 · US 9 Foot up to 27.0 cm
EU 40 · US 8 Foot up to 26.0 cm
EU 39 · US 7 Foot up to 25.1 cm
EU 38 · US 6 Foot up to 24.3 cm
EU 37 · US 5 Foot up to 23.5 cm
EU 36 · US 4 Foot up to 22.7 cm
EU 34 · US 3 Foot up to 21.7 cm
EU 33 · US 2 Foot up to 21.0 cm
EU 32 · US 1 Foot up to 20.2 cm
EU 31 · US 13 Foot up to 19.2 cm
EU 30 · US 12 Foot up to 18.4 cm
EU 28 · US 11 Foot up to 17.5 cm
EU 27 · US 10 T Foot up to 16.7 cm
EU 25 · US 9 T Foot up to 15.7 cm
EU 24 · US 8 T Foot up to 14.8 cm
EU 23 · US 7 T Foot up to 14.1 cm
EU 22 · US 6 T Foot up to 13.2 cm
EU 20 · US 5 T Foot up to 12.2 cm

BILLY Kids



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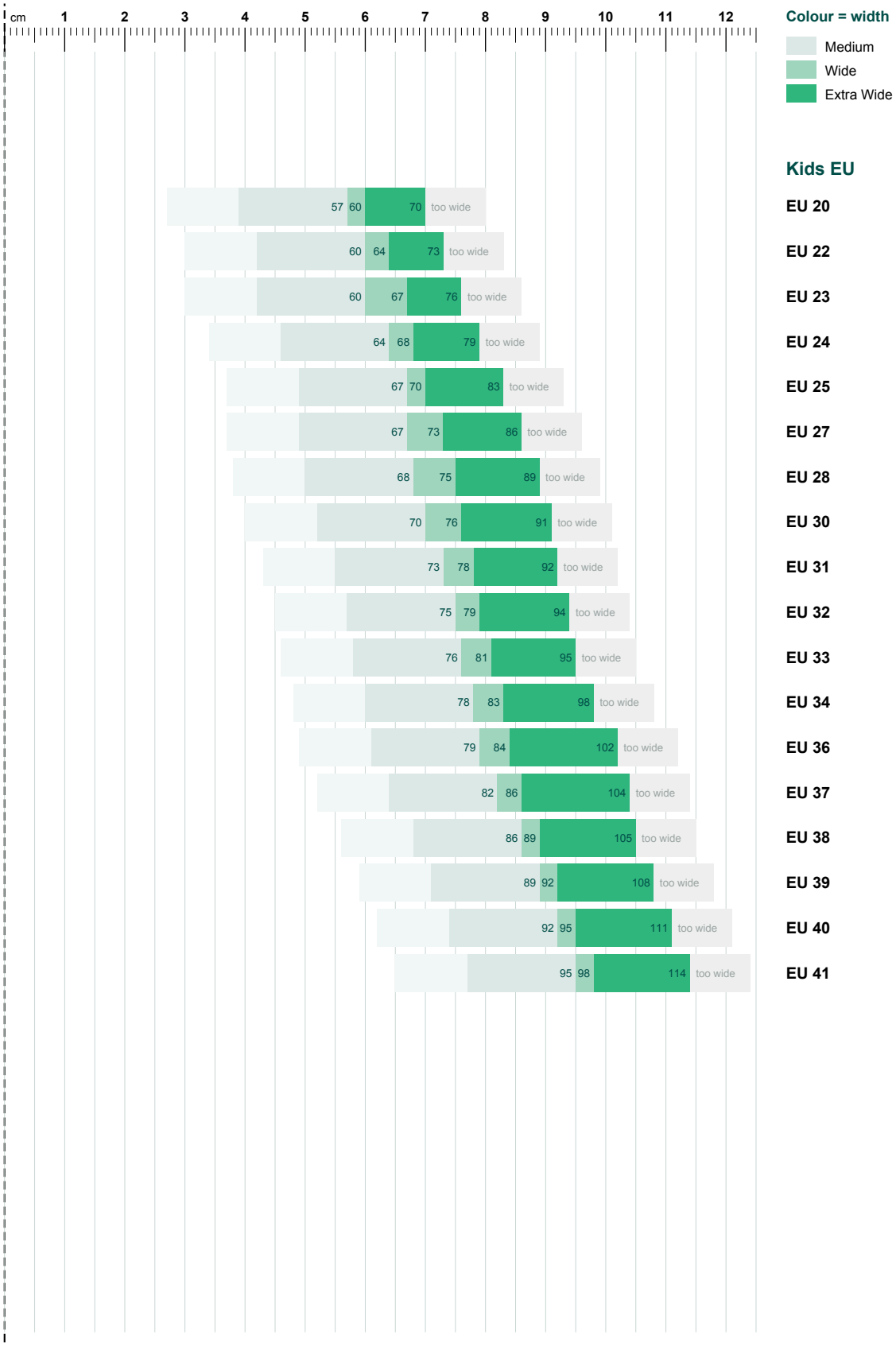
Measuring template BILLY Kids

Cut exactly here – this edge against the wall, heel against the wall

Width template BILLY Kids

Measuring width · outer side of the foot against the wall · scale 1:1

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Cut exactly here – this edge against the wall, outer side of the foot against the wall

1 Cut along the dashed line on the left and place the edge against a wall.

2 Stand sideways to the wall: outer side of the foot (little-toe ball and heel) against the wall, the other leg stays free.
If you cannot stand safely: measure sitting, knee straight above the foot, press gently on the knee.

3 Mark the inner side at the widest point (big-toe ball) with the pen held upright.

4 Remove the foot and, with a ruler, draw a line through all rows along the vertical guide lines.

5 Read in the row of your size: the colour under the line is your width (number = up to mm). Grey = please ask us first.

Values = inner sole width according to BILLY (average of the models, individual models differ by 2–5 mm).

With an orthosis: measure the orthosis at its widest point. Compare the ball girth (tape measure) with the model chart.